

Review Day for final

Section 1) Solve initial value problems

(a) $f'(x) = 3x^2 + 4x - 1 ; f(2) = 9$

$\int 3x^2 + 4x - 1 dx = x^3 + 2x^2 - x + C$

$9 = 2^3 + 2 \cdot 2^2 - 2 + C$

$9 = 8 + 8 - 2 + C$

$9 = 14 + C \quad C = -5 \quad \boxed{f(x) = x^3 + 2x^2 - x - 5}$

(b) $f'(x) = 1 + \frac{1}{x^2} ; f(1) = 3$

$\int 1 + \frac{1}{x^2} dx = x - \frac{1}{x} + C$

$3 = 1 - \frac{1}{1} + C$

$3 = 0 + C \quad C = 3$

$\boxed{f(x) = x - \frac{1}{x} + 3}$

(c) $f'(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} ; f(4) = 2$

$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2} + C$

$2 = \frac{\sqrt{4}}{2} + C$

$2 = 1 + C$

$C = 1$

$\boxed{f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2} + 1}$

(d) $f''(x) = 3x ; f'(3) = 1 ; f(0) = 4$

$\int 3x dx = \frac{3x^2}{2} + C$

$1 = \frac{3 \cdot 3^2}{2} + C$

$1 = \frac{27}{2} + C$

$C = 1 - \frac{27}{2}$

$f'(x) = \frac{3x^2}{2} + 1 - \frac{27}{2}$

$\int \frac{3x^2}{2} + 1 - \frac{27}{2} dx = \frac{x^3}{2} + (1 - \frac{27}{2})x + C$

$4 = \frac{0^3}{2} + (1 - \frac{27}{2}) \cdot 0 + C$

$4 = C$

$\boxed{f(x) = \frac{x^3}{2} + (1 - \frac{27}{2})x + 4}$

$f(x) = \frac{x^3}{2} - \frac{25}{2}x + 4$

Section 2: Evaluate the following definite Integrals.

$$(a) \int_0^1 x^3 + x dx = \frac{x^4}{4} + \frac{x^2}{2} \Big|_0^1$$

$$\frac{1^4}{4} + \frac{1^2}{2} - \left[\frac{0^4}{4} + \frac{0^2}{2} \right] = \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$(b) \int_{-1}^2 x^2 - 2x + 2 dx = \frac{x^3}{3} - \frac{2x^2}{2} + 2x \Big|_{-1}^2$$

$$\frac{2^3}{3} - 2^2 + 2 \cdot 2 - \left[\frac{(-1)^3}{3} - (-1)^2 + 2(-1) \right] = \frac{8}{3} + \frac{1}{3} - 3 = \frac{9}{3} - \frac{3}{1} = 3 - 3 = 0$$

$$(c) \int_0^4 2 + \sqrt{x} dx = 2x + \frac{2x^{3/2}}{3} \Big|_0^4$$

$$2(4) + \frac{2(4)^{3/2}}{3} - \left(2(0) + \frac{2(0)^{3/2}}{3} \right) = \frac{8}{1} + \frac{16}{3} = \frac{24}{3} + \frac{16}{3} = \frac{40}{3}$$

Section 3: Word Problems:

$$1) R(x) = P \cdot x = x(-0.04x + 800) = -0.04x^2 + 800x$$

$$R'(x) = -0.08x + 800$$

$$P(x) = R(x) - C(x) = -0.04x^2 + 800x - 200x - 30000 = -0.04x^2 + 600x - 30000$$

$$P'(x) = -0.08x + 600$$

$$C'(x) = 200$$

$$R'(5000) = -0.08(5000) + 800 = 400$$

$$P'(5000) = -0.08(5000) + 600 = 200$$

$$C'(5000) = 200$$