

03-29-2019

Ex:

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(x-6)^n}{n^n}$$

Root test:

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left| \frac{(x-6)^n}{n^n} \right|^{\frac{1}{n}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left| \frac{x-6}{n} \right| = |x-6| \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n}$$

$= 0$ regardless of the x . Thus $L = 0 < 1 \forall x \in \mathbb{R}$

This means this series converges for all x . Then the interval of convergence is $(-\infty, \infty)$. Then the radius of convergence is INFINITY.