

Monday
 10-1-18

Rational Expressions (Fractions)

I. Simplify Fractions

$$\frac{20}{25} = \frac{4 \cdot \cancel{5}}{5 \cdot \cancel{5}} = \left(\frac{4}{5}\right)$$

$$\frac{15x^2}{35x^5} = \frac{3 \cdot \cancel{5} \cdot \cancel{x} \cdot \cancel{x}}{7 \cdot \cancel{5} \cdot \cancel{x} \cdot \cancel{x} \cdot \cancel{x} \cdot \cancel{x}} = \left(\frac{3}{7x^3}\right)$$

$$\frac{9x^2 + 9x}{2x + 2} = \frac{9x(x+1)}{2(x+1)} = \left(\frac{9x}{2}\right)$$

$$\frac{x^2 + 8x - 20}{x^2 + 11x + 10} = \frac{(x+10)(x-2)}{(x+10)(x+1)} = \left(\frac{x-2}{x+1}\right)$$

$$\frac{x^2 + 2x - 15}{(x^2 - 25)} = \frac{(x+5)(x-3)}{(x+5)(x-5)} = \left(\frac{x-3}{x-5}\right)$$

$$\frac{x^2 - 16}{4-x} = \frac{(x+4)(x-4)}{(4-x)} = \left(-\frac{(x+4)}{(x-4)}\right)$$

These are opposites
 so you can cancel
 as long as you leave a
 factor of (-1).

Domain - acceptable values
 for x.

$$\frac{3x}{2x-8}$$

$$2x - 8 = 0$$

$$2x - 8 \neq 0$$

$$\begin{array}{r} +8 \\ +8 \\ \hline 2x = 8 \\ x = 4 \end{array}$$

- ① Take the denominator and set it equal to 0.
- ② Solve for x, whatever value you find that is what x CANNOT be.
- ③ Write it in set notation

$$\{x | x \in \mathbb{R}, x \neq 4\}$$

$$\text{ex } \frac{x+3}{7x+8}$$

$$7x + 8 = 0$$

$$7x = -8$$

$$x = -\frac{8}{7} \quad \{x | x \in \mathbb{R}, x \neq -\frac{8}{7}\}$$

This method
 is for fractions.