

9/26/18

Exam Monday, 10/01/18

## Factoring Trinomials

Recall!  $(x+3)(x+5) = x^2 + 5x + 3x + 15 = x^2 + 8x + 15$

Now start with  $x^2 + 8x + 15$  and find its original factors  
Look for 2 numbers whose product is 15 and whose sum is 8. Those 2 numbers are +5 and +3. So my 2 binomials are  $(x+5)$  and  $(x+3)$ .

$$x^2 + 7x + 12 = (x+3)(x+4)$$

$$x^2 + 9x + 14 = (x+7)(x+2)$$

$$x^2 - 12x + 20 = (x-2)(x-10)$$

$$x^2 - 2x - 35 = (x+5)(x-7)$$

$$x^2 + 4x - 12 = (x+6)(x-2)$$

$$\begin{array}{cccc} 6x^2 + x - 15 & & & a=6 \\ \uparrow & \uparrow & \uparrow & b=1 \\ a & b & c & c=-15 \end{array}$$

EX:  $\frac{4}{9}y(y+1) - 2(y+1)$

$$\frac{4}{9}y(y+1) - 2(y+1)$$

$$= (y+1)\left(\frac{4}{9}y - 2\right)$$

$$= (y+1)\left(\frac{4}{9}y - \frac{18}{9}\right)$$

$$= (y+1)\left(\frac{1}{9}\right)(4y - 18)$$

$$= (y+1)\left(\frac{1}{9} \cdot 2\right)(2y - 9)$$

$$= \frac{2}{9}(y+1)(2y-9)$$